

Accredited by National Accrediting Commission of Career Arts & Sciences, Ins.

570 Lakeland Plaza, Cumming, GA, 30040 770-292-9669 ● makbeautyinstitute@yahoo.com

### **ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT 2025**

#### **Table of Contents**

INTRODUCTION	3
I. GEOGRAPHY	
II. CRIME STATISTICS	3
III. CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES	4
- Reporting Crimes	4
- Confidential Crime Reporting	4
IV. STATISTICS FROM LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES	5
V. THE DAILY CRIME LOG	5
VI. EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES	
- Emergency Procedures	
VII. TIMELY WARNINGS	6
VIII. ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT	_
POLICY STATEMENTS	
- Facilities Security and Access	
- Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees	
- Alcohol and Drug Prevention Policy	
- Drug and Alcohol Treatment Facilities	10
- Reporting a Sex Offense, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking	
- Procedures if you are a Victim of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violent, Dating Violence or S	
- Disciplinary Action for sex offense, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault of	
convictions	
- Awareness Programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and	d stalking 12
- Consent	12
- Bystander intervention	12
- Registered Sex Offenders	12
- Hate Crimes	12
- Unfounded Crimes	12
- Crime Statistics	
- Hate Crimes Statistics	
- VAWA Offenses Reporting Table	
- Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals Reporting Table	
- Hazard and Incident Report Form	10

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act), requires that all institutions who participate in Federal Title IV programs to disclose campus security information including crime statistics for the campus and surrounding areas.

Mak Beauty Institute strives to ensure the safety of all students, staff, and clients and has developed a broad set of policies and procedures to ensure the safety of everyone. Mak Beauty Institute will publish their Annual Security Report by October 1st of each year and will notify all students and employees when the report is available and posted on the Class Board.

All students and employees are encouraged to report crimes, suspicious activities, injuries resulting from criminal offenses and all other security problems. Students and employees who wish to report a crime, injury, or other security offense may do so by contacting the School Director, who well then notify the local police department. If you are experiencing a life-threatening emergency, please call 9-1-1. In the event the School Director determines that a situation constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus-wide timely warning will be issued.

Anyone may obtain a paper copy of the Annual Security Report for free through the Director of the school or office administrator.

#### I. GEOGRAPHY

The Clery Act requires each institution to disclose crime statistics that occur on three types of property: campus, public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, non-campus buildings or property that the institution owns or controls. Mak Beauty Institute does not have on- or off-campus residences or official off-campus student organizations. The school does not have a security or police department.

#### **II. CRIME STATISTICS**

Institutions participating in federal student financial aid must present to current and future students and employees certain crime statistics and policies in accordance with the Clery Act. The purpose of this report is to provide information relating to campus safety and security in an effort to aid future and current students and employees in making informed decisions regarding our college.

The Clery Act requires every institution to include four general categories of crime statistics:

#### • Criminal Offenses:

- Criminal Homicide, including Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter, and Manslaughter by Negligence;
- Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses), any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Including Rape, Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape; Robbery; Aggravated Assault; Burglary; Motor Vehicle Theft; and Arson.
- Hate Crimes a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. Any of the above-mentioned offenses, and any incidents of

Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, or Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property that were motivated by bias;

Mak Beauty Institute takes hate crimes and all criminal offenses seriously and encourages the campus community to report any crime to the Campus President or Academic Deans. Crimes also can be reported by calling 9-1-1.

- VAWA Offenses Any incidents of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking.
- Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action for Weapons Carrying, Possessing, Etc. Law Violations, Drug Abuse Violations and Liquor Law Violations.

#### **III. CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES**

The function of a campus security authority is to report to the official or office designated by the institution to collect crime report information. CSAs are responsible for reporting allegations of Clery Act crimes that are reported to them in their capacity as a CSA:

TATYANA CARR- School Director 770-292-9669 makbeautyinstitute@yahoo.com

DILYARA ROGERS-Financial Aid Director 770-292-9669 makbeautyinstitute@yahoo.com

Emergency: 9-1-1

Non-Emergency: 770-781-2000 (Cumming Police Department)

#### **Reporting Crimes**

Students, faculty and staff are strongly encouraged to report all crimes accurately and promptly to local law enforcement; dial 9-1-1 (emergencies only). Any suspicious activity or person seen in the parking lots, loitering around vehicles, or inside the building should be reported to the local law enforcement agency.

Timely reporting of criminal activity enables the school to respond to crime in a timely manner and potentially reduce the recurrence of that crime. The school will protect the confidentiality of any victim. The school does not have a police or security department but does work cooperatively with local law enforcement agencies when necessary. There are no written memoranda of understanding agreements between Mak Beauty Institute and local law enforcement agencies to investigate alleged crimes. The school does, in good faith effort, contact local law enforcement agencies to obtain data on Clery Act crimes that occurred on or near the campus.

#### **Confidential Crime Reporting**

Victims of crime may not want to pursue action with the school or the criminal justice system and may still want to consider making a confidential report. With permission, Administrative/Facilities Services or a designee of the school can complete an incident report on the details of the incident without revealing the victim's identity. The purpose of confidential reporting is to comply with the wish to keep matters confidential while taking measures to keep the campus community safe. With such information, the school

can keep accurate records and become aware of any patterns of crime that may warrant action. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the school. The school does not employ or contract with any professional or pastoral counselors who provide confidentiality services to students or employees.

#### IV. STATISTICS FROM LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

Mak Beauty Institute makes a reasonable, good-faith effort to obtain the statistics from the local law enforcement agencies for all of our Clery geography:

Forsyth County Police Department

**Cumming Police Department** 

Website- http://www.forsythco.com/Departments-Offices/911-Center/Open-Records-Requests

#### V. THE DAILY CRIME LOG

The purpose of the daily crime log is to record all criminal incidents and alleged criminal incidents that are reported to the campus police or security department. A daily crime log does not need to be kept because Mak Beauty Institute is not considered to have a security department.

#### **VI. EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES**

Emergencies are unexpected events which must be dealt with urgently to protect the health and safety of others. Emergencies may be related to natural disasters such as earthquakes, criminal activity such as armed robberies, environmental disasters, or highly contagious health concerns.

Mak Beauty Institute initiates Safety and Evacuation policy that includes emergency response and evacuation procedures and outlines actions staff, faculty and students must take to protect their mutual health and safety. \*\*\* In case of emergency - dial 911\*\*\*

#### **Emergency Procedures**

The person in charge at the time of the emergency will be the lead Instructor. Students should learn the locations of the emergency exits in the buildings and are provided guidance about the direction they should travel when exiting each facility for a short-term building evacuation. School representatives on the scene will communicate information to students regarding the developing situation or any evacuation status changes. Mak Beauty Institute will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the

content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The School Director, Administrative/Facilities Services and Instructors have the authority and are responsible for overall management and administration of the plan. The entire campus community will be notified when there is at least the potential that a very large segment of the community will be affected by a situation or when a situation threatens the operation of the campus as a whole.

The School Director will create the notification and the Administrative/Facilities Services or Academic department will be responsible for notifying students/employees. If deemed necessary, those outside of the campus community will be notified of the emergency through local law enforcement and/or public health agency. In addition, the School administrative staff will contact parents, guardians, spouses and those listed as emergency contacts by the student via phone. Other staff and faculty members may be designated as back-ups and to assist with assigned tasks.

Emergencies are identified by campus staff, by other campus community members, and forms of public media and notification. Anyone wishing to report an emergency should contact the School Director or other available administrative staff as soon as safely possible using the most efficient means available.

Upon confirmation of a significant on-campus emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students and employees, the School Director or other administrative staff will issue an emergency notification and also notify the appropriate local emergency response teams, law

enforcement and individuals on campus who are in harm's way. Local authorities will determine when and if it is necessary to notify the surrounding community. The School Director or other administrative staff will determine what information should be contained in the alert. Campus alerts may be issued via e-mail, classroom announcement, alarm, or any combination of methods determined to be necessary. In addition, members of the administration will post relevant updates and advisories on the school Facebook page. The alerts will identify the appropriate action to take in an effort to have students and employees avoid the confirmed danger and minimize injuries. Depending on the situation, additional alerts will be disseminated as information becomes available.

Evacuations to safe locations will be implemented when necessary and proceed in an organized manner per policy and procedure. All students are required to comply with the plan and the directions given to them by campus safety staff, faculty, or public emergency response teams or law enforcement agencies during actual emergencies and drills for their personal safety. At no time during an actual campus emergency or drill shall students be permitted to leave the campus unless directed to do so.

The plan, including any updates, is reviewed with new students and employees during orientation and at a number of faculty meetings during the year. Evacuation routes are identified in each classroom and other areas.

Emergency response and evacuation drills are conducted, at minimum, annually. Drills may be announced or unannounced and are evaluated for needed improvement. At a later drill any needed improvements will be tested and, if successful, included in the campus procedures. If not successful, different approaches will be tried until acceptable results are achieved. All tests will be documented and included: • a description of the exercise (i.e., the test). • The date the test was held. • The time the test started and ended. • Whether the test was announced or unannounced.

Students and employees are encouraged to be responsible for their own security and the security of others. Employees and students are expected to follow safe practices while on campus property. Following safe practices will reduce the possibility of accidental emergencies and increase the effectiveness of the campus response to unforeseen emergencies.

The campus community is obligated to report all unsafe activities, potential and real emergencies, and/or criminal activities to the School Director, Instructors, or Administrative Staff as soon as possible.

Persons responsible for carrying out the emergency response and evacuation procedures include School Director, Instructors, and Administrative Staff.

#### **VII. TIMELY WARNINGS**

In the event of an ongoing or continuing threat to the campus community, warnings will be issued through the following means:

- Email message to faculty and staff
- Notices posted in common on-campus areas
- Verbal notification by the School Director or another member of the school's management team visiting classrooms to inform all students of the situation
- Email and/or text message to all students.

The intent of a timely warning is to provide adequate information necessary to enable the campus community to protect themselves when a significant emergency or dangerous situation occurs. The content of the timely warning will not disclose information that may compromise law enforcement efforts. Anyone with information that warrants a timely warning should report it immediately to the School Director, Instructors, or Administrative office. The School Director or Administrative Staff are responsible for ensuring timely warnings are issued to the campus community.

### VIII. ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT POLICY STATEMENTS

#### **Facilities Security and Access**

The campus facilities are open during day and evening business hours and are accessible to students, employees, contractors, guests and invitees. The campus is secured during non-business hours by locking doors and setting alarms and only accessible by issued key and alarm pass code. Maintenance personnel enter the facilities during the evening or early morning non-business hours by issued key and alarm pass code.

Mak Beauty Institute does not have on- or off-campus residences or official off-campus student organizations. The school does not have a security or police department. Facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions.

The Administrative Office maintains security support and information in the areas of: parking, traffic control, fire prevention, safety and enforcement of all applicable regulations.

#### **Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees**

Safety and security awareness programs are in place for students and employees. The common theme of awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others. The safety rules, including crime prevention, reviewed with students during orientation. Security, including crime prevention, is reviewed with employees at hire dates and during staff and faculty meetings.

Visual emergency exit layouts are posted at the entrances of all campus rooms and in hallways.

In the event of eminent danger or immediate emergency, information is released through electronic mail, voice mail, or classroom and campus announcements.

#### **Alcohol and Drug Prevention Policy**

Mak Beauty Institute has adopted and implemented a program that prohibits the manufacture, distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol, dispensation, possession, sale, purchase, offer to buy or sell, or use of alcohol, illegal drugs or related paraphernalia and the illegal use of any drugs (including the misuse of prescription drugs) at Mak Beauty Institute campus or while engaged in the course curriculum is strictly prohibited. Mak Beauty Institute also prohibits such conduct during non-curriculum time to the extent that, in the judgment of Mak Beauty Institute, it impairs a student's or staff member's ability to progress through the curriculum, threatens the reputation or integrity of school or violates the law.

Any violation of this policy will result in appropriate disciplinary actions, up to and including expulsion, even for a first offense. Where it is apparent that a violation of the law has occurred, the appropriate law enforcement authorities will be notified.

The administration, staff and faculty are dedicated to providing education, awareness, treatment referrals, along with the legally mandated reporting and criminal sanctions. The School Director provides an overall coordination of the Drug-Free School Program. Drug and Alcohol education materials are available to students and employees in their orientation materials.

Mak Beauty Institute will assist employees and students in the selection of appropriate counseling, substance abuse assistance or rehabilitation programs. Drug and alcohol prevention event will be held annually.

In addition, this school will not discriminate solely on the grounds of prior drug or alcohol abuse or against individuals who have satisfactorily completed a substance-abuse assistance or rehabilitation program.

Every state regulates the possession of controlled dangerous substances (CDS), though each differs in its definition of CDS and the penalties for their possession. Georgia classifies not only well-known drugs like marijuana, heroin and cocaine as controlled substances, but also the compounds used to manufacture them. Certain drugs, like codeine, may be legally possessed with a valid prescription.

How Georgia Classifies CDS:

Georgia divides its CDS into five "schedules," according to their likelihood for abuse.

- Schedule I drugs (such as heroin) are those that have a high potential for abuse and have no accepted medical use.
- Schedule II drugs (such as opium and morphine) have a high potential for abuse, have an accepted medical use with severe restrictions, and their abuse has the potential for severe psychic and physical dependence.
- Schedule III drugs (such as anabolic steroids) have a potential for abuse less than Schedule I or II drugs, have an accepted medical use, and their abuse may lead to low or moderate physical dependence and high psychological dependence.
- Schedule IV drugs (such as diazepam) have a lower potential for abuse than Schedule III drugs, have an acceptable medical use, and their abuse may lead to limited psychological and physical dependence in relation to Schedule III drugs.
- Schedule V drugs have the lowest potential for abuse relative to Schedule IV CDS, have a currently accepted medical use, and have a limited risk of physical or psychological dependence relative to Schedule IV CDS. Schedule V drugs include medicines that contain very small amounts of specified narcotic drugs.

(Georgia Code Section 16-13-25 through 16-13-29.)

This article concerns the possession of CDS for personal use only. Separate punishments apply to the sale of CDS. For information about sale of CDS, see Sale of a Controlled Substance in Georgia.

Penalties for the Possession of CDS:

CDS possession crimes are all felonies, except for those that involve small amounts of marijuana. The penalty for felony possession depends on the type of CDS involved in the offense. Multiple possession convictions are punished more harshly.

To understand the charges and penalties you might be facing, begin with the charging document in your case (usually called either a complaint or, if from a grand jury, an indictment). Identify the name of the drugs specified in the document, consult the schedules explained above, and place them in the proper schedule.

Possession of any Schedule I CDS or Schedule II narcotic is a felony punishable by two to 15 years in prison. A second or subsequent conviction is punishable by five to 30 years in prison.

Possession of any Schedule II CDS other than a narcotic is a felony punishable by to two to 15 years in prison. A second or subsequent conviction is punishable by five to 30 years in prison.

Possession of a Schedule III, IV, or V CDS is a felony and punishable by one to five years in prison. A second or subsequent conviction is punishable by one to ten years in prison.

This provision does not include flunitrazepam, a Schedule IV CDS.

(Georgia Code Section 16-13-30.)

Possession of flunitrazepam is a felony and punishable by two to 15 years in prison. A second or subsequent conviction is punishable by five to 30 years in prison.

(Georgia Code Section 16-13-30.)

The penalty for possession of marijuana depends on the amount involved in the offense.

- Possession of less than one ounce of marijuana is a misdemeanor and is punishable by up to one year in jail, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both, or a period of community service of up to one year.
- Possession of marijuana of one ounce or more is a felony punishable by one to ten years in prison.

For more information see Marijuana Possession Laws in Georgia.

(Georgia Code Section 16-13-30.)

A felony conviction punishable by a period of incarceration of ten years or less may, at the court's discretion, be sentenced as a misdemeanor.

(Georgia Code Section 17-10-5.)

The attempt, or conspiracy to commit, any CDS crime is punishable by a period of incarceration up to the maximum sentence permitted for the actual commission of the underlying crime.

(Georgia Code Section 16-13-33.)

Drug Related Objects:

The possession of, or possession with the intent to use, drug related objects is a misdemeanor punishable by up to one year of incarceration, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both. Drug related objects include:

- materials for cultivating or growing CDS
- materials for packaging, storing, or containing CDS
- objects used to conceal CDS, or
- items used to inhale, inject, or otherwise administer or ingest CDS.

(Georgia Code 16-32-32.2 and 17-10-3.)

Conditional Discharge for First-Time Possession Offenders:

If a defendant has never been convicted of a CDS-related crime in Georgia or under any other law of the United States, the court may, with the defendant's consent, impose a period of probation and withhold a finding of guilt. The judge may require the defendant to enroll in a drug treatment program. If the defendant does not violate probation, the court will dismiss the underlying charges, and the defendant will not have a conviction on his record.

If the defendant violates any condition of probation, the court will resume criminal proceedings by entering a finding of guilt into the official court record and proceeding with sentencing. (Georgia Code 16-13-2.)

#### Under Georgia Law, it is Illegal:

For a person under 21 is prohibited from attempting to purchase or possess alcohol. A minor convicted of an alcohol violation may have his or her driver's license suspended. On the first offense, the minor can apply to have his or her license reinstated after 6 months. For a second offense, that minor can apply for a reinstatement after 12 months.

Students or staff members who use prescription drugs should follow the prescribing physician's directions for use. Any prescribed medications shall be in the original container with the label from the pharmacy, Doctor's name, ingredients, and directions for use. If use of a prescription drug may impair your performance or affect safety while performing course-related services, you should notify the Instructor immediately so administrative staff can take whatever action it finds appropriate to protect your safety and that of other students and clients. Any student or staff member who violates this policy is subject to suspension or expulsion from the program.

#### **Drug and Alcohol Treatment Facilities**

If you or someone you know is struggling with drug or alcohol abuse, please call 1-877- 335-HOPE (4673) or one of the treatment centers listed below:

AA Abuse Helpline-24 hours 1-800-299-6310

#### http://www.forsythcountydrugawarenesscouncil.org

North Fulton Treatment Center, 601 Bombay Lane, Roswell, GA 30076

Phone: 770-754-4674

Sunrise Detox Alpharetta (Atlanta) 4500 North Point Parkway, Alpharetta, GA 30022

Phone: 678-762-0370

#### Purple

1958 Cruse Rd, Lawrenceville, GA 30044

Phone: 678-572-6856

Laurelwood, Gainesville
Exec Care Addiction Recovery Center, Norcross
Road to Recovery, Gainesville
Atlanta Addictive Disease and Psychiatric Medicine Associates, Cumming

North Georgia Counseling & Education Center, Dahlonega LifeWorks Counseling, Inc., Dahlonega Wellspring Life Solutions, Gainesville Bill's Place, Inc., Gainesville

#### PREVENTING dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking

The Clery Act requires to include statements of policy in this annual security report that address the institution's programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking, and the procedures the institution will follow when one of these crimes is reported.

Sex Offenses – Forcible - any sexual act directed against another person forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible - unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse. The Clery Act only includes two types of offenses in this category: incest and statutory rape.

Sexual assault - a sex offense that meets the definition of rape or non-consent, fondling, incest or statutory rape as used in the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Relationship Violence includes one or more of the following acts:

- A. Dating violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.
  - 1. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
  - 2. For purposes of this definition:
  - a) Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
  - b) Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.
- B. Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed:
  - 1. By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
  - 2. By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
  - 3. By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
  - 4. By a person similar situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or
  - 5. By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred. Idaho law protects "family and household members," which include persons 18 years of age or older who are spouses, former spouses, parents, stepparents and children or stepchildren, and persons who are presently residing together or have resided together in the past.
- C. Stalking is engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
  - 1. Fear for the person's safety, or the safety of others; or
  - 2. Suffer substantial emotional distress. For purposes of this definition,
  - a) Course of Conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or threatens with a person's property.

- b) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
- c) Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim. For purposes of reporting hate crimes, sexual assaults, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, when more than one criminal offense is committed during a single incident, each offense must be included in the institution's Clery Act crime statistics.

#### Reporting a Sex Offense, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

It is the policy of Mak Beauty Institute to immediately report any sexual offense to the Cumming Police Department, whether committed on or off campus. It is imperative that victims of any kind of sexual offense report the crime to one of the school security authorities and/or to the Cumming Police Department. It is also important to preserve any and all evidence (i.e. clothing, objects and any other biological evidence) for the proof of a criminal offense.

When sexual assaults are committed off-campus, persons are encouraged to report to the appropriate law enforcement agency, but a student may elect, instead, to report the sexual assault to one of the campus security authorities. Any assault will be immediately reported to the Cumming Police Department. If an assault is reported to the campus security authorities, a grievance form will be provided to student.

#### Procedures if you are a Victim of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violent, Dating Violence or Stalking.

- 1. Report to Police.
- 2. Tell the first person you see and point out the attacker.
- 3. Don't shower or bathe.
- 4. Preserve as much evidence as possible.
- 5. Remember all you can about the attacker such as age, height, weight, race, color of eyes-hair-clothes, type of complexion-pants-shirt-shoes.

### Disciplinary Action for sex offense, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking convictions

If a student or a staff member is convicted of a sexual offense, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking regardless of whether or not the action took place on the school campus, that individual is subject to disciplinary actions by Mak Beauty Institute. Any student or staff member may be subject to sanctions leading up to or including termination if convicted of any domestic violence, sex offense, including rape, acquaintance rape, any other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses or stalking.

All activities related to a non-criminal resolution of an institutional disciplinary compliant, including, but not limited to, fact finding investigations, formal or informal meetings and hearings. Also, school is obligated to comply with a student's request for an academic situating change following an alleged sex offense.

Both the accuser and the accused will be informed of any initial, interim, and final decisions by the Director of the school any sanctions imposed by the institution. Additionally, both the accuser and the accused are entitled to have others present during a disciplinary proceeding. Compliance with these provisions does not constitute a violation of the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974.

#### Awareness Programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking

At this time, Mak Beauty Institute does not have on-campus resources for victims of a sexual assault. The following organizations are available to the community for assistance. These organizations will also provide training/education classes for our students at our campus, along with pamphlets and education material.

- -National Center on Domestic and Sexual Violence 1-512-407-9020 www.ncdsv.org Services: Training, consulting, advocacy Accepts WellCare, Peach State, and Amerigroup ot Medicare.
- National Coalition Against Domestic Violence: 303-839-1852
- National Victim Center: 1-800-799-7233 or 1-800-787-3224 (TTY)
- National Organization for Victim Assistance: 1-800-TRY-NOVA
- Local Emergency Assistance: 911
- GA Domestic Violence Hotline: 800-33HAVEN
- GA Coalition Against Domestic Violence: 404-209-0280 http://gcadv.org/
- Partnership Against Domestic Violence (Atlanta): 404-873-1766
- Women's Resource Center to End Domestic Violence Inc. (Atlanta): 404-688-9436
- FBI Office, Atlanta: 404-679-9000 http://www.fbi.gov
- Northern District of GA Victim Witness Assistance Program: 1-888-431-1918
- The National Domestic Violence Hotline www.thehotline.org /1-800-799-7233
- Forsyth County Family Haven (24-Hour Crisis Line, Shelter, Legal Advocacy): www.forsythcountyfamilyhaven.info / 770-887-1121
- -Bell-Forsyth Judicial Circuit Domestic Violence Task Force

Contact: Leslie Dinkins LEDinkins@forsythco.com /678-513-5936

With these organizations, their programs help prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking including primary prevention and awareness programs directed at incoming students and new employees and ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns directed at current students and employees.

**Consent** The State of Georgia does not define "Consent" in reference to sexual activity. However, the State of Georgia defines "without consent" as a circumstance in which "a person whose concurrence is required has not, with knowledge of the essential facts, voluntarily yielded to the proposal of the accused or of another." *O.C.G.A § 16-1-3(19)* 

The Mak Beauty Institute defines "Consent" as: Words or actions that show a knowing and voluntary willingness to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Consent cannot be gained by force, intimidation or coercion, by ignoring or acting in spite of objections of another, or by taking advantage of the incapacitation of another, where the respondent knows or reasonably should have known of such incapacitation. Consent is also absent when the activity in question exceeds the scope of consent previously given. Past consent does not imply present or future consent. Silence or an absence of resistance does not imply consent. Minors under the age of 16 cannot legally consent under Georgia law.

**Bystander intervention**: safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking.

Bystander intervention includes:

- Recognizing situations of potential harm
- Understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and talking action to intervene.

Ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns: Mak Beauty Institute involves the community for assistance with the education, interventions, initiatives and strategies that are sustained over time and focus on

increasing understanding of topics relevant to and skills for addressing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Risk Reduction: the practice of educating 'potential victims.' In order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitates violence. Examples are "don't walk alone at night." "don't set your drink down." "use the buddy system."

#### **Registered Sex Offenders**

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA) of 2000 is a federal law that provides for the tracking of convicted, registered sex offenders enrolled as students at institutions of higher education, or employed or volunteering on campus. The federal law requires state law enforcement agencies to provide Mak Beauty Institute with a list of registered sex offenders who have indicated that they are enrolled, employed or carrying on a vocation at Mak Beauty Institute.

The CSCPA also requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. Mak Beauty Institute is complying with this requirement by providing information regarding registered sex offenders in your area.

A list of all registered sex offenders in Georgia is available from the Georgia Sex Offender Registry at <a href="https://gbi.georgia.gov/georgia-sex-offender-registry">https://gbi.georgia.gov/georgia-sex-offender-registry</a>.

#### **Hate Crimes**

There were no reported incidents of hate crimes reported for 2014, 2015 and 2016. Hate crime statistics are presented in narrative format when there are no hate crimes to report or if there are a limited number of hate crimes reported.

A Clery Act hate crime is committed when the victim was intentionally targeted because of bias. Bias for the purpose of Clery Act hate crime reporting is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, ethnicity or disability of the victim.

Hate crime categories include murder/non-negligent manslaughter, sex offenses – forcible, sex offences – non forcible, incest, statutory rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, simple assault, larceny-theft, intimidation, destruction/damage/vandalism of property.

Mak Beauty Institute takes hate crimes and all criminal offenses seriously and encourages the campus community to report any crime to the School Director or Administrative staff. Crimes also can be reported by calling 9-1-1

#### **Unfounded Crimes**

MAK Beauty Institute may withhold, or subsequently remove, a reported crime from its crime statistics in the rare situations where sworn law enforcement personnel have fully investigated the reported crime and, based on the results of this full investigation and evidence, have made a formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore "unfounded."

The crime rate in Cumming is considerably higher than the national average across all communities in America from the largest to the smallest, although at 25 crimes per one thousand residents, it is not among the communities with the very highest crime rate. The chance of becoming a victim of either violent or property crime in Cumming is 1 in 40. Based on FBI crime data, Cumming is not one of the safest communities in America. Relative to Georgia, Cumming has a crime rate that is higher than 78% of the state's cities and towns of all sizes.

Importantly, when you compare Cumming to other communities of similar population, then Cumming crime rate (violent and property crimes combined) is quite a bit higher than average. Regardless of how Cumming does relative to all communities in America of all sizes, when Neighborhood Scout compared it to communities of similar population size, its crime rate per thousand residents stands out as higher than most.

Now let us turn to take a look at how Cumming does for violent crimes specifically, and then how it does for property crimes. This is important because the overall crime rate can be further illuminated by understanding if violent crime or property crimes (or both) are the major contributors to the general rate of crime in Cumming.

From our analysis, we discovered that violent crime in Cumming occurs at a rate higher than in most communities of all population sizes in America. The chance that a person will become a victim of a violent crime in Cumming; such as armed robbery, aggravated assault, rape or murder; is 1 in 548. This equates to a rate of 2 per one thousand inhabitants.

Neighborhood Scout's analysis also reveals that Cumming's rate for property crime is 23 per one thousand population. This makes Cumming a place where there is an above average chance of becoming a victim of a property crime, when compared to all other communities in America of all population sizes. Property crimes are motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny, and burglary. Your chance of becoming a victim of any of these crimes in Cumming is one in 44.

# 2025 Campus Safety and Security Survey

Institution: (490221001)

User ID: C4902211

### **Screening Questions**

Please answer these questions carefully. The answers you provide will determine which screens you will be asked to complete for this data collection.

complete for this data collection.
1. Does your institution provide On-campus Student Housing Facilities?
No.
Yes. (If Yes is selected, you must enter the number of student housing facilities below and enter Fire Statistics for each facility.)
Number of On-campus Student Housing Facilities:
2. Does your institution have any noncampus buildings or properties?
Yes
○ No
3. Have you combined statistics that you received from the local or state police with your institution statistics for this report? If you answer No to this question, you will be asked to provide the data you received from the local and state police separately.
Yes. Local and/or state law enforcement agencies provided us with statistics that we are combining with statistics collected by our campus security authorities.
No. We are not combining the statistics because we cannot determine whether the statistics we obtained from local and/or state law enforcement agencies are for on-campus incidents or public property incidents.
Not available. We cannot determine if the statistics we obtained from local and/or state law enforcement agencies are for our Clery geography.
Not available. We made a good-faith effort to obtain statistics from local and/or state law enforcement agencies, but the agencies did not comply with

our request.

### Criminal Offenses - On campus

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred On Campus.

Criminal offense	Total occurrences On campus						
	2022	2023	2024				
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0)	0	0				
b. <u>Manslaughter by Negligence</u>	0		0				
c. <u>Rape</u>	0)	0	0				
d. <u>Fondling</u>	0)	0	0				
e. <u>Incest</u>	0)	0	0				
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0)	0	0				
g. <u>Robbery</u>	0)	0	0				
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0				
i. <u>Burglary</u>	0)	0	0				
j. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft <i>from</i> a motor vehicle)	0	0	0				
k. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0				

Criminal offense

Caveat:		
	u must add a caveat explaining the chang	e. Use the following format: "For
(YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (A)	o (B) because (REASON)."	

### **Criminal Offenses - Noncampus**

For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the number reported to have occurred in or on <u>Noncampus</u> buildings or property.

Total occurrences in or on

		roperty	
	2022	2023	2024
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>			0
b. <u>Manslaughter by Negligence</u>			0
c. <u>Rape</u>			12
d. <u>Fondling</u>			0
e. <u>Incest</u>			0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>			0
g. <u>Robbery</u>			5
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>			88
i. <u>Burglary</u>			70

		, and occarry carry		
<ul><li>j. Motor vehicle theft</li><li>(Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)</li></ul>				42
k. <u>Arson</u>				0
Caveat:				
			April concession and management of the concession and management o	
			1	
Criminal Offenses - Public Proper	rty			
For each of the following criminal offenses, enter the nur	mber reporte	d to have occurred o	n Public Property	
Criminal offense		Total occurrences	on Public Property	

	2022	2023	2024
a. <u>Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter</u>	0	0) (	0
b. <u>Manslaughter by Negligence</u>	0)	0) (	0)
c. <u>Rape</u>	0)	0) (	0
d. <u>Fondling</u>	0)	0) (	0
e. <u>Incest</u>	0)	0) (	. 0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0)	0) (	0
g. <u>Robbery</u>	0)	2) (	0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

c. Rape

0

d. <u>Fondling</u>	0)	0	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0
e. <u>Incest</u>		0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0)	0)	0) (	0)	0) [	0) (	0) [	0) [	0
g. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0)	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0)	0
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0)	0	0)	0)	0) (	0) [	0)	0
i. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0	0
j. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft <i>from</i> a motor vehicle)	0	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0)	0)	0
k. <u>Arson</u>	0	0) [	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0	0
l. <u>Simple assault</u>	0)	0) (-	0)	0) (	0) (	0	0) (	0)	0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0	0)	0
n. <u>Intimidation</u>	0)	0) [	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0	0)	O
o. <u>Destruction/damage/</u> <u>vandalism of property</u>	0)	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0) [	0	0) (	0
YEAR 2023									

Criminal offense

Total

Occurrences of Hate crimes (Category of Bias for crimes)

Race Religion Sexual Gender Gender Disability Ethnicity National orientation Identity Origin

9/26/25, 10:25 AM a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter c. Rape d. Fondling e. Incest f. Statutory rape g. Robbery h. Aggravated assault i. <u>Burglary</u> j. Motor vehicle theft (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle) k. <u>Arson</u> I. Simple assault 

0. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property

m. Larceny-theft

n. Intimidation

**YEAR 2022** 

**Criminal offense** 

Total

Occurrences of Hate crimes (Category of Bias for crimes)

	Race	Religion	Sexual Gender orientation	Gender Identity	Disability Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent</u> <u>manslaughter</u>	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0
c. <u>Rape</u>	0 0	0	0 0	0		0
d. <u>Fondling</u>		0	0 0	0		0
e. <u>Incest</u>		0		0		0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>		0	0 0	0		0
g. <u>Robbery</u>		0		0		0
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>		0		0		0
i. <u>Burglary</u>		0	0 0	0	0 0	0
j. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u>		0		0		0
k. <u>Arson</u>	0 0	0		0		0
l. <u>Simple assault</u>	0 0	0		0		0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>		0		0		0
n. <u>Intimidation</u>		0	0 0	0	0 0	0

o. <u>Destruction/damage/</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
vandalism of property								
				, (a				
Caveat: If you have changed prior (YEAR), Line (X) was cha	r years' data, you nged from (A) to	must add a (B) becaus	a caveat ex e (REASON	xplaining th N)."	ne change	. Use the	following fo	ormat: "For
	,							

### **Hate Crimes - Noncampus**

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of <u>Hate Crimes</u> that were reported to have occurred in or on <u>Noncampus</u> buildings or property. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

#### YEAR 2024

Criminal offense	Total	Occurrences of Hate crimes (Category of Bias for crimes)						
	Race	Religion	Sexual Gender orientation	Gender Identity	Disability Ethnicity National Origin			
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent</u> <u>manslaughter</u>	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0 0			
c. <u>Rape</u>	0 0	0	0 0	0				
d. <u>Fondling</u>	0 0	0	0 0	0				
e. <u>Incest</u>	0 0	0		0	0 0 0			
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0 0	0		0	0 0 0			

g. <u>Robbery</u>		0) (	0) (	0)	0) [	0) (	0) (	0)	0	0
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>		0) (	0) (	0	0) [	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0
i. <u>Burglary</u>		0) (	0) (	0) [	0) [	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0
j. <u>Motor vehicle theft</u> (Do not include theft <i>from</i> a motor vehicle)		0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0
k. <u>Arson</u>	Today A. Acc. of	0)	0) [	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) [	0) (	0
l. <u>Simple assault</u>		0)	0) (	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0) [	0) (	0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>		0)	0) [	0)	0)	0	0) (	0)	0) (	0
n. <u>Intimidation</u>		0) (	0)	0)	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0) [	0
o. <u>Destruction/damage/</u> <u>vandalism of property</u>		0) (	0)	0)	0)	0) (	0) (,	0) (	0)	0
Caveat:										

YEAR 2023

YEAR 2022

## Hate Crimes - Public Property

For the criminal offenses listed below, first enter the total number of <u>Hate Crimes</u> that were reported to have occurred

on Public Property. Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

#### YEAR 2024

Criminal offense	Total	tal Occurrences of Hate crimes (Categor					ory of Bias for crimes)		
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientation	Gender on	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent</u> <u>manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. <u>Burglary</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Motor vehicle theft (Do not include theft from a motor vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. <u>Simple assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

n. Intimidation

0. Destruction/damage/ vandalism of property YEAR 2023

Criminal offense

Total

https://surveys.ope.ed.gov/campussafetv/#/read-onlv-survey/490221001/crime?authTokon=ov/lbhCciOi III I=14Nii-15DE = Cloth=N/40 10

Occurrences of Hate crimes (Category of Bias for crimes) Race **Gender Disability Ethnicity National** Religion Sexual Gender orientation Identity Origin a. Murder/ Non-negligent manslaughter c. Rape d. Fondling e. Incest f. Statutory rape g. Robbery h. Aggravated assault i. Burglary 

j. Motor vehicle theft

k. <u>Arson</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0)	0
l. <u>Simple assault</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o. <u>Destruction/damage/</u> <u>vandalism of property</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
variadiisiii or property									

YEAR 2022

Criminal offense	Total	Occurrences of Hate crimes (Category of Bias for crimes)							
		Race	Religion	Sexual orientatio	Gender n	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. <u>Murder/ Non-negligent</u> <u>manslaughter</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. <u>Rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. <u>Fondling</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. <u>Incest</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. <u>Statutory rape</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. <u>Robbery</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. <u>Aggravated assault</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0

l. <u>Simple assault</u>	0)	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0	0	0
m. <u>Larceny-theft</u>	0	0) (	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0) (	0) (	0
n. <u>Intimidation</u>	0	0)	0) (	0	0) (	0)	0) (	0) (	0
o. <u>Destruction/damage/</u> <u>vandalism of property</u>	0)	0	0) (	0)	0) (	0	0)	0)	0
Caveat: If you have changed prior y (YEAR), Line (X) was chang	years' data, you m ged from (A) to (E	nust add a 3) because	caveat ex (REASON	plaining th I)."	e change	. Use the 1	following f	ormat: "Fo	or
					ne man Transcom				
VAWA Offenses	- On Cam	pus							
VAWA Offenses  For each of the following c			orted to h	ave occur	red <u>On Ca</u>	<u>ımpus</u> .		J	
VAWA Offenses For each of the following of			orted to h				On Campu	s	
For each of the following c			ported to h				On Campu	s 2024	

9/26/25, 10:25 AM	2025 Campus Safety and Secu	2025 Campus Safety and Security Survey						
b. <u>Dating violence</u>	0	0	0					
c. <u>Stalking</u>	0	0	0					
Caveat:  If you have changed prior years' data (YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (	a, you must add a caveat explaining the ch (A) to (B) because (REASON)."	nange. Use the followin	ng format: "For					
		·						
VAWA Offenses - Non For each of the following crimes ent.	r the number reported to have occurred	in or on Noncommus by	بر مرسامان					
property.	or the number reported to have occurred	in or on <u>Noncampus</u> pt	ulidings of					
Crime	Total occurren	Total occurrences in or on Noncampus buildings or property						
	2022	2023	2024					
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>			0					
b. <u>Dating violence</u>			0					
c. <u>Stalking</u>			0					
Caveat:								

### **VAWA Offenses - Public Property**

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Crime

Total occurences on Public Property

	2022	2023	2024
a. <u>Domestic violence</u>	0)(	0) (	0
b. <u>Dating violence</u>	0) [	0) (	0
c. <u>Stalking</u>	0)	0	0

#### Caveat:

If you have changed prior years' data, you must add a caveat explaining the change. Use the following format: "For (YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (A) to (B) because (REASON)."

### Arrests - On campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred On Campus.

Crime

Number of Arrests

2022

2023

2024

If you have changed prior years' data, you must add a caveat explaining the change. Use the following format: "For

# Arrests - Noncampus

(YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (A) to (B) because (REASON)."

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred in or on Noncampus buildings or property.

Crime Number of Arrests

2022 2023 2024

a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.

b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>

c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>

Please Note: Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in liquor law violations.

Caveat:

Arrocte Dublic Dropout			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Arrests - Public Property					
Enter the number of <u>Arrests</u> for each of the following c	rimes that occurred on <u>Pu</u>	ıblic Property.			
Crime	Number of Arrests				
	2022	2023	2024		
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	0) (			
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0) (	0) [			
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	0	(		
Please Note: Do NOT include drunkenness or driving	under the influence in liqu	or law violations.	and the same of		
Caveat: If you have changed prior years' data, you must add a ca (YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (A) to (B) because (R	veat explaining the chang EASON)."	e. Use the following	format: "For		
	•				
			J		

# Disciplinary Actions - On Campus

Enter the number of persons <u>referred for disciplinary action</u> for crimes that occurred <u>On Campus</u> for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Crime	Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action				
	2022	2023	2024		
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0	0	0		
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0	0	0		
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0	0	0		
Please Note: Do NOT include drunkenness or driving unde	r the influence in liquo	or law violations.			
Caveat: If you have changed prior years' data, you must add a caveat (YEAR), Line (X) was changed from (A) to (B) because (REAS	explaining the change ON)."	e. Use the following fo	ormat: "For		

### **Disciplinary Actions - Noncampus**

Enter the number of persons <u>referred for disciplinary action</u> for crimes that occurred in or on <u>Noncampus</u> buildings or property for each of the following categories.

Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations.

If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Crime

Number of persons referred for Disciplinary Action

2022

2023

2024

a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>			0
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>			. 0
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>			0
Please Note: Do NOT include drunkenness or driving u	nder the influence in liq	uor law violations.	
Caveat:			
Disciplinary Actions - Public Prop	erty		
Enter the number of persons <u>referred for disciplinary action</u> the following categories.  Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for so lift the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest, please of	on for crimes that occur		
Crime		r of persons referred visciplinary Action	for
	2022	2023	2024
a. <u>Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.</u>	0) (	0) (	0
b. <u>Drug abuse violations</u>	0) (	0)	0)
c. <u>Liquor law violations</u>	0) (	0) (	0
Please Note: Do NOT include drunkenness or driving ur	nder the influence in liqu	or law violations.	

https://survevs.ope.ed.gov/campussafety/#/read-only-survey/400224004/crimo2cuthTolean-only-survey/40024004/crimo2cuthTolean-only-survey/40004/crimo2cuthTolean-only-survey/40004/crimo2cuthTolean-only-survey/40004/crimo2cuthTolean-only-survey/40004/crimo